Title: Walking Lab

Objectives:

- to calculate normal walking speed
- to construct position vs time graphs
- to calculate speed (velocity)
- to determine (velocity) and acceleration from a graph (Δ slope)

Procedure:

- 1. Measure out 40 meters.
- 2. Mark positions at 5 m intervals.
- 3. Station students with stop watches will at 5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m, and 25 m positions.
- 4. Students take turns walking the straight line path.
- 5. Record time (s) as students pass the successive 5 meter marks.
- 6. Rotate through until each one has had a turn.
- 7. Repeat with student skipping, running, walking backwards, etc.8. Record individual data in data chart below.
- 9. Determine velocity per interval.
- 10. Construct a position (y-axis) vs time (x-axis) graph for each data set.
 - a. Connect the end point (40 m) with the 0 m point in a different color! (this will be average velocity)
 - b. Record the values for velocity per interval and average velocity in a data chart.

Results: Data Charts and Graphs

Discussion/Analysis:

- 1. Describe the position time graph:
 - a. Did you measure velocity or speed? (explain)
 - b. Was velocity constant or did it change in different time intervals? (How can you tell?)
 - c. When did you walk/move the fastest? slowest?
 - d. What was your average velocity?
 - e. At this velocity, how long would it take you to travel 400 m? (Note: it is about 400 m between Butler and Cantwell)

Conclusion: 1 sentence testable statement

Reflection: Personal statement about what you learned from the lab.



Table 1: Walking Data									
Distance	0 m	5 m	10 m	15 m	20 m	25 m	30 m	35 m	40 m
Time (s)	0								
Time per Interval (s)									
Velocity (m/s)	0 m/s								
To determine velocity per interval, you need to determine the time for each interval total							lation) m time		
	Average Velocity → (slope) $\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$								
A = calculated value for velocity O = value for velocity determined from slope					Graphing Error A-O O x 100				

Table 2: Data									
Distance	0 m	5 m	10 m	15 m	20 m	25 m	30 m	35 m	40 m
Time (s)	0								
Time per Interval (s)									
Velocity (m/s)	0 m/s								
Tto determine velocity per interval, you need to determine the time for each interval 5 m time interval Average Velocity → (calculation) 40 m total time Average Velocity → (slope)									
	$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$								
A = calculated value for velocity O = value for velocity determined from slope					Graphing Error A-O O x 100				

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